p.c. and in the standardized, $12 \cdot 5$ p.c.* Pneumonia is particularly fatal among those of advanced years and among infants; the same influences as have been mentioned have, no doubt, affected the figures for this disease.

| Int. List No.1 | Cause of Death. | 1934. | 1935. | 1936. | 1937. | 1938. |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| $1, \frac{2}{7}$ | Typhoid fever Measles | 2·7 1·7 | $2.5 \\ 4.5$ | $2.3 \\ 3.4$ | 3.0 7.5 | 1.8 |
| 8 | Scarlet fever | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 9 | Whooping-cough | $\frac{8 \cdot 1}{2 \cdot 1}$ | 8·2 2·4 | $5 \cdot 4 \\ 2 \cdot 3$ | 6·9 3·3 | 4.4 |
| 10 11 | Diphtheria Influenza | 18.5 | 31.1 | 28.3 | 47.4 | $3.9 \\ 21.1$ |
| 16 | Poliomyelitis and polioencephalitis (acute) | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 0.7 |
| 17 | Lethargic or epidemic encephalitis | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| 18 23 | Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis Tuberculosis, respiratory system | 48.9 | 50.1 | 50.2 | 49.5 | 0·8 45·2 |
| 24-32 | Tuberculosis, other organs | 10.6 | 10.4 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 9.5 |
| 45-53 | Cancer | $97.9 \\ 12.2$ | $102 \cdot 2 \\ 13 \cdot 4$ | $106 \cdot 2 \\ 13 \cdot 1$ | 107·7 14·0 | 107-5 13-8 |
| 59 71 | Diabetes mellitus Anæmia | 5.7 | 6.0 | 13.1 | 14.0 | 13.8 |
| 82 a, b, c | Cerebral hæmorrhage, embolism, or thrombosis | 23.8 | 19.3 | $17 \cdot 2$ | 15.2 | 15.1 |
| 82d | Paralysis without specified cause | $5 \cdot 1 \\ 2 \cdot 4$ | 3.8 2.1 | 3.3 1.8 | 2·9 1·8 | 2.9 |
| 86 90-95 | Convulsions (under 5 years of age) Diseases of the heart | 151.3 | 147.1 | 149.1 | 151.6 | 155-2 |
| 96, 97, 99, 102 | Diseases of the arteries | 68.3 | 76.0 | 82.7 | 86.5 | 89.1 |
| $106 \\ 107-109$ | Bronchitis | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2·9 66·4 |
| 119, 120 | Pneumonia. Diarrhœa and enteritis | 34.5 | 25.3 | 21.6 | 38.0 | 23.1 |
| 121 | Appendicitis | 14.6 | 13.7 | 13-0 | 12.7 | 11.6 |
| 122 | Hernia, intestinal obstruction | $9.9 \\ 52.2$ | 10·3 56·6 | $9.5 \\ 58.1$ | 9.7 58.8 | 9·5 58·0 |
| 130-132 137 | Nephritis Diseases of the prostate | 8.7 | 10.0 | 10.5 | 11.3 | 11.6 |
| 140-150 | Puerperal causes | 10.8 | 10.0 | 11.2 | 9.6 | 8.6 |
| 157 158-161 | Congenital malformations | $12.6 \\ 64.2$ | $13.0 \\ 63.0$ | $13 \cdot 1$ 60 · 0 | 13·3 59·8 | 12-9 58-9 |
| 158-161 | Diseases of early infancy Senility (old age) | 17.4 | 17.7 | 15.4 | 15.7 | 15.8 |
| 163-171 | Suicides | 8.6 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 8.5 |
| 173-198 | Violent deaths (suicides excepted) | $51.3 \\ 118.9$ | $54.9 \\ 122.6$ | $59.3 \\ 129.1$ | $57.4 \\ 131.4$ | 55-9 122-2 |
| | Other specified causes | 110.9 | 122.0 | 129.1 | 101.4 | 100.0 |
| | Totals, Specified Causes | 931·0 | 959.7 | 965·5 | 1,017.9 | 948.7 |
| 199, 200 | Ill-defined diseases | 8.7 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 5.5 |
| | Totals, Death Rates per 100,000 Population | 939 - 7 | 966 · 6 | 971 · 9 | 1,024.9 | 954 · 1 |

20.—Death Rates per 100,000 Population in Canada, by Principal Causes, 1934-38.

¹For footnote, see end of Table 19, p. 126.

Deaths in Canadian Cities.—Deaths in Canada as a whole declined steadily for the period 1931-34, but for 1935, 1936, and 1937 there were substantial increases. The figure for the latter year was 113,824, over 9,000 more than for 1931. For 1938 there was a noticeable reduction to 106,817—only 2,300 more than for 1931. The total deaths of the 67 cities listed in Table 21 show a slightly increased proportion to population for the five-year period 1931-35 as compared with 1926-30. For 1932, which marked the depth of the economic depression, the deaths in these cities increased, thus going against the general trend for Canada; for other years, however, the general trend was followed.

[•] More accurate diagnosis should not be overlooked as a factor in changing death rates from these diseases.